## Statistics (Q 7, Paper 2)

## Lesson No. 3: Weighted Mean

## 2005

7 (a) Calculate the weighted mean of 10,30 and 15 , given that the weights are 3,1 and 2 , respectively.
Solution

$$
\bar{w}=\frac{\sum w x}{\sum w}=\frac{90}{6}=15
$$

| $x$ | $w$ | $w x$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 | 3 | 30 |
| 30 | 1 | 30 |
| 15 | 2 | 30 |
|  | 6 | 90 |

$$
\begin{equation*}
\bar{w}=\frac{\sum w x}{\sum w} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

## 2000

7 (a) Find the weighted mean of 11, 15, 19 and 21 if the weights are 2, 3, 1 and 2 respectively.
Solution
$\bar{w}=\frac{\sum w x}{\sum w}=\frac{128}{8}=16$

| $x$ | $w$ | $w x$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11 | 2 | 22 |
| 15 | 3 | 45 |
| 19 | 1 | 19 |
| 21 | 2 | 42 |
|  | 8 | 128 |

$$
\begin{equation*}
\bar{w}=\frac{\sum w x}{\sum w} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

