

COMPLEX NUMBERS (Q 4, PAPER 1)**2011**

- 4. (a)** Let $u = 1 + 2i$, where $i^2 = -1$.

Plot on an Argand diagram

(i) u

(ii) $u - 3$.

- (b)** Let $z = 2 + 3i$.

(i) Find z^2 in the form $x + yi$, where $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$.

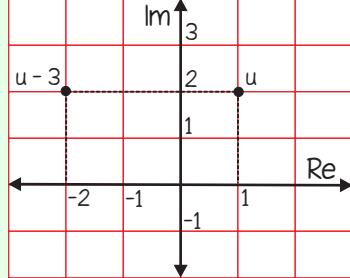
(ii) Show that $z^2 = 4z - 13$.

(iii) Show that $\bar{z}^2 + 13 = 4\bar{z}$, where \bar{z} is the complex conjugate of z .

- (c) (i)** Express $\frac{4+2i}{3-i}$ in the form $x + yi$, where $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$.

(ii) Hence, or otherwise, find the real numbers k and t such that

$$\left| \frac{4+2i}{3-i} \right| (k+5i) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (7+(t-1)i).$$

SOLUTION**4 (a)****4 (b) (i)**

$$z = 2 + 3i$$

$$\begin{aligned} z^2 &= (2+3i)(2+3i) \\ &= 2(2+3i) + 3i(2+3i) \\ &= 4 + 6i + 6i + 9i^2 \\ &= 4 + 6i + 6i + 9(-1) \\ &= 4 + 6i + 6i - 9 \\ &= -5 + 12i \end{aligned}$$

4 (b) (ii)

$$z = 2 + 3i$$

$$z^2 = -5 + 12i$$

$$4z - 13 = 4(2 + 3i) - 13$$

$$= 8 + 12i - 13$$

$$= -5 + 12i$$

$$\therefore z^2 = 4z - 13$$

4 (b) (iii)

$$z = 2 + 3i \Rightarrow \bar{z} = 2 - 3i$$

$$z = a + bi \Rightarrow \bar{z} = a - bi$$

$$\bar{z}^2 + 13 = (2 - 3i)(2 - 3i) + 13$$

$$= [2(2 - 3i) - 3i(2 - 3i)] + 13$$

$$= 4 - 6i - 6i + 9i^2 + 13$$

$$= 4 - 6i - 6i + 9(-1) + 13$$

$$= 4 - 6i - 6i - 9 + 13$$

$$= 8 - 12i$$

$$4\bar{z} = 4(2 - 3i)$$

$$= 8 - 12i$$

$$\therefore \bar{z}^2 + 13 = 4\bar{z}$$

4 (c) (i)
Division: Multiply above and below by the conjugate of the bottom.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4+2i}{3-i} \\
 &= \frac{(4+2i)}{(3-i)} \times \frac{(3+i)}{(3+i)} \\
 &= \frac{4(3+i) + 2i(3+i)}{3(3+i) - i(3+i)} \\
 &= \frac{12+4i+6i+2i^2}{9+3i-3i-i^2} \\
 &= \frac{12+4i+6i-2}{9+3i-3i+1} \\
 &= \frac{10+10i}{10} \\
 &= 1+i
 \end{aligned}$$

4 (c) (ii)

$$\left| \frac{4+2i}{3-i} \right| (k+5i) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (7 + (t-1)i)$$

$$|1+i|(k+5i) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (7 + (t-1)i)$$

$$z = a+bi \Rightarrow |z| = \sqrt{a^2+b^2}$$

$$\sqrt{1^2+1^2}(k+5i) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (7 + (t-1)i)$$

$$\sqrt{2}(k+5i) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (7 + (t-1)i)$$

$$2(k+5i) = (7 + (t-1)i)$$

$$2k+10i = (7 + (t-1)i)$$

$$2k = 7 \Rightarrow k = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$10 = t-1 \Rightarrow t = 11$$