## Algebra (Q 2 \& 3, Paper 1)

2009
2 (a) Find the value of $\frac{3 x-2 y-1}{5}$ when $x=13$ and $y=14$.
(b) (i) Find the value of $3^{6}$.
(ii) Write 27 in the form $3^{k}$, where $k \in \mathbf{N}$.
(iii) Find the value of $x$ for which $27 \times 3^{x}=\frac{1}{729}$.
(c) Let $f(x)=x^{3}+x^{2}-4 x-4$.
(i) Verify that $f(-2)=0$.
(ii) Solve the equation

$$
x^{3}+x^{2}-4 x-4=0 .
$$

3 (a) Simplify $x(2 x+7)-3(x-4)$.
(b) (i) Solve for $x$ and $y$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x+y=7 \\
& x^{2}+y^{2}=29 .
\end{aligned}
$$

(ii) Which one of the values of $y$ in (i) above satisfies the inequality

$$
6-2 y<0 ?
$$

Justify your answer.
(c) A rectangle has length $2 \sqrt{x} \mathrm{~cm}$ and width $\sqrt{x} \mathrm{~cm}$.

The length of a diagonal of the rectangle is $\sqrt{45} \mathrm{~cm}$.
(i) Find the area of the rectangle.
(ii) The area of a square is twice the area of the rectangle.

Find the length of a side of the square.
Answers
2 (a) 2
(b) (i) 729
(ii) $3^{3}$
(iii) $x=-9$
(c) (ii) $x=-2,-1,2$
3 (a) $2 x^{2}+4 x+12$
(b) (i) $x=5, y=2 ; x=2, y=5 \quad$ (ii) $y=5$
(c) (i) $18 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(ii) 6 cm

